

THE KENYA POLYTECHNIC UNIVERSITY COLLEGE

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SCIENCES AND BIOTECHNOLOGY

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY

FINAL YEAR EXAMINATION

PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

TIME: 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer ALL questions in section A and B

1.		re provided with a paraffin wax section on a microscope slide marked "T". S	•		
	haema results	atoxylin and eosin staining method. Write down the staining procedure and to s. (20	e staining procedure and the expected (20 marks)		
a)	Exam	ine spots Q 1 and Q 2 and answer the questions below;			
	Spot (0.1			
	i.	Identify the spot	(1 mark)		
	ii.	Give its application in histopathology	(1.5 marks)		
	iii.	How is the spot stored	(1.5 marks)		
	iv.	List one advantage of spot Q, on tissues	(1 mark)		
	Spo	ot Q 2			
	i.	What is the use of spot Q 2 in histopathology laboratory?	(2 marks)		
	ii.	What precaution is taken when carrying out the preparation of spot Q 2?	(2 marks)		
	iii.	List one advantage of spot Q 2 when being used.	(1 mark)		
2. Graj	ph pape	er, Photometer, 50 mg% primary standard, GOD reagent, Test Tubes, Dilutir	g fluid,		
F	lasma	Specimen X.			
With t	he help	of the analytical method given below and the above named materials,			
i)) Prepare 10 mls of 400 mgs% Calibration standard from the primary standard of 50 mgs%.(3marks)				
ii)	Dilute the calibration standard you have prepared according to the calibration points given below (3marks)				
iii)	Construct a Glucose calibration standard curve with points: $0~\text{mg}\%$, $50~\text{mg}\%$, $100~\text{mg}\%$, $200~\text{mg}\%$ and $400~\text{mg}\%$ (6marks)				

Analytical method of the specimen:-

Dilute the specimen 1 in 40 and use only 2 mls of the diluted specimen and mix it with 1 ml of the GOD reagent to develop color. Incubate the test for 5 minutes at room temperature for 5 minutes. Measure the absorbance of the test by photometry.

absorb	ance o	f the test by photometry.			
i)	Deter	elp of the calibration standard (3marks)			
ii)	Outline the principle of GOD		(3marks)		
iii)	Give the patients diagnosis		(1mark)		
iv)	Sugge	est another test that will confirm your diagnosis	(1mark)		
3.	(a)You have been supplied with patient sample labelled P You are required to look for suitable donor labelled S and U. Do the cross match and comment on your results. (25 Marks)				
	(b) You have been provided with spot 1-3				
	(i)	Spot 1 Name the spot state its use in blood transfusion.	(2 Marks)		
	(ii)	Spot 2 Name the spot.	(1Mark)		
	(iii)	Spot 3 Name the spot and state its use in blood transfusion.	(2 Marks)		
4. (a)Y	ou are	provided with sample labelled T Using apparatus provided	perform haemoglobin estimation		
			narks)		
	-	re provided with a stained PBF labelled R. Examine the film	and name the type of anemia and		
		_	narks)		
_	(c) Y	You have been provided with spot 1-4			
	(i)	Spot 1 Name the spot.	(1 Marks)		
	(ii)	Spot 2 Name the spot and its use.	(2 Mark)		
	(iii)	Spot 3 Name the spot and state its use.	(2 Marks)		
	(iv)	Spot 3 Name the spot and state its use.	(2 Marks)		
5. a) Ex	kamine	specimen A using a microscope and answer the following:			
,	i)	Identify the specimen giving reasons	(2marks)		
	ii)	Draw a labeled diagram of the specimen.	(2marks)		
	iii)	iii) Explain the Buffy- coat method for the laboratory diagnosis of the disease caused by the specimen. (6marks)			
b)	You ar	re provided with specimen B			
ŕ	i)	Identify the specimen.	(2marks)		

ii) Supposing the Laboratory Manager would like to rear the specimen, advise the manager regarding the housing requirements and the diet of the specimen.(6marks)

c) You are provided with specimens C, D and E i) Identify Specimen C using a dissecting microscope ii) Name specimen D and E and for each explain how	•
6. a) You are provided with a culture of microorgan from a urine sample. With the apparatus and reagents provided, identified	_
b) i) Identify spot K and state its use.	(5 marks)
ii) Identify spot L and state its use.	(5 marks)

(2marks)

Give the importance of the specimen to medicine.

iii)